Water Sensitive South Australia

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Cities Comprising Water Sensitive Communities

www.watersensitivesa.com





Water Sensitive Communities

- socio-political capital for sustainability exists and
- citizens are involved in decision-making

CRC for Water Sensitive Cities



Capacity Building Dimension

Human Resources Development: Skills and knowledge of individuals to implement

Organisational Strengthening: Management structures, processes, relationships between organisations and sectors

Institutional Reform: Legal & regulatory framework to enable agencies and other organisations to enhance their capacities

Broader Community: Awareness raising and engagement in project development

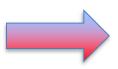


Transition factors to enable the water cycle & water sensitive community

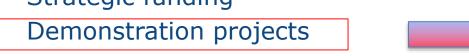
- Socio-political capital
- Champions
- Accountability
- Trusted & reliable science
- Market receptivity
- **Bridging organisations**
- Binding targets
- Strategic funding

Source: Rebekah Brown, et al



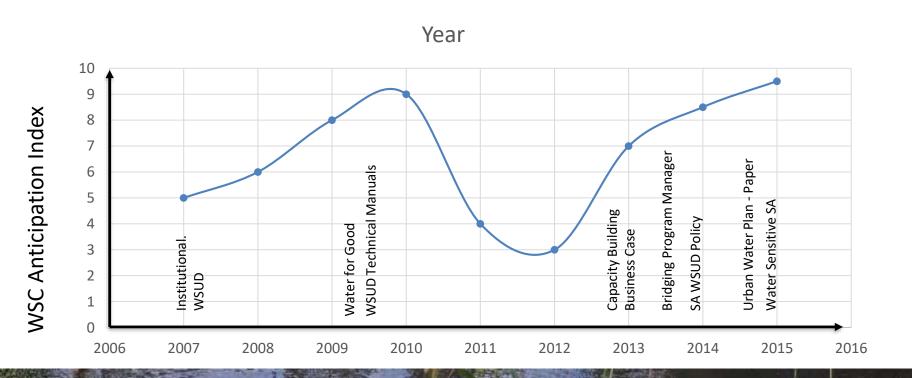


Dependant on the capacity of individuals and organisations





Water Sensitive SA – Are we there yet?





Water Sensitive SA - established to build the capacity of all organisations with a role in the planning, design, approval, construction or maintenance of new developments and infrastructure to implement best practice water sensitive urban design (WSUD)



Water Sensitive SA program partners





Natural Resources
Adelaide and Mt Lofty Ranges

Local Government Research & Development Scheme

























Our vision

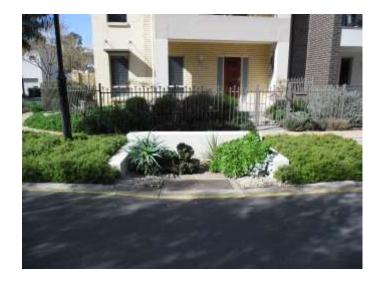
 WSUD is an integral component of any new development or infrastructure project, to facilitate the transition of state to water sensitive communities.

 All relevant government and industry sectors have the commitment, knowledge and skills to work towards this common objective.



Barriers to uptake of WSUD

- Insufficient information on life cycle cost data and/or its application for forecasted planning of operation and maintenance
- Insufficient understanding of best practice operation and maintenance practices
- Little or no monitoring of in-ground systems or devices
- No long-term organisation vision/strategy/framework for adoption
- Limits of regulatory framework
- Lack of knowledge of value of WSUD (ie uncosted externalities/environmental benefits
- Insufficient resources (budget and human)



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Organisational Strengthening

- Leadership
- Support champions
- Best available information argument for WSUD
- Networking opportunities for challenging issues
- Communication hub for WSUD







Institutional Reform

Planning Reform

- Integrating state strategies in planning
- Liveability
- Placemaking
- Urban design code

Urban Water Plan



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Policy and Guidelines



Mandate WSUD Policy within: Planning

- Pollutant reduction targets
- Flow reduction performance measures

Building Code

- Potable water demand reduction
- OSD
- Water saving/efficient devices

Source: Illman Young



Guidelines/Tools – Priority Projects

Simple developments

- Deemed to Comply guideline (urban design code)
- On-line assessment tool

More complex

MUSIC Modelling Guidelines – Calibrate for SA conditions, eg soil

The case for WSUD

- Benefit/cost analysis
- Lifecycle costing

WSUD Technical Manual

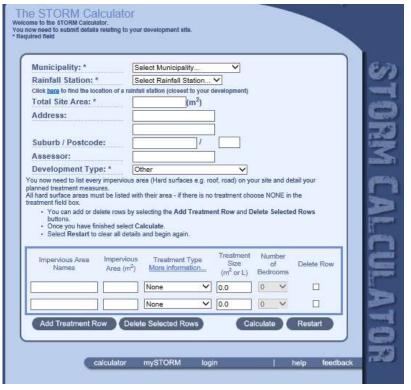
Review due 2017



Source: ewater



Online tools for simple developments

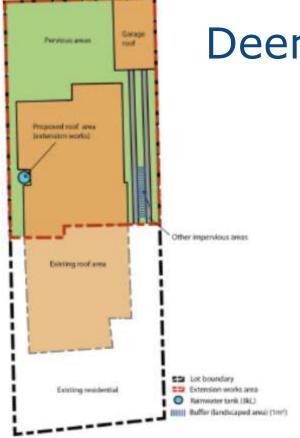


STORM Calculator

(Melbourne Water)

storm.melbournewater.com.au

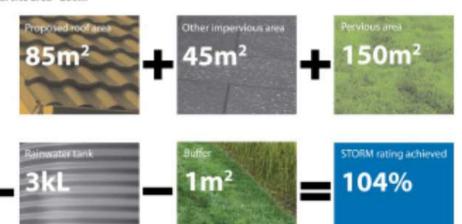
Efficiency in approvals (ie cut "red tape")



Deemed to comply Guidelines

Case Study 2: STORM rating equation

Total site area - 280m³



Source: Mooney Valley Council



Human Resource Development







Training Priorities

Delivery training for priority knowledge and skills gaps

- Introduction to WSUD for planners
- Promote WSUD (technical detail) to landscape architects and urban designers
- Construction and establishment of WSUD features and wetlands
- Asset maintenance of WSUD features
- Detailed design of biofilters and wetlands
- Post implementation monitoring of WSUD performance

Review existing courses e.g. surveyors, master builders plumbers



Training & Events 2015

Training and Events	Date
Seminar: Creating a capacity building program, Challenges	31 March 2015
and Learnings: Andrew O'Neill, Water by Design	
Workshop: Water Sensitive City – Benchmarking Greater	April 2015
Adelaide – CRC for Water Sensitive Cities Indexing Tool	
Training: Vegetated stormwater management systems -	May 2015
Construction and Maintenance	
Seminar: WSUD 101 for planners	Aug 2015









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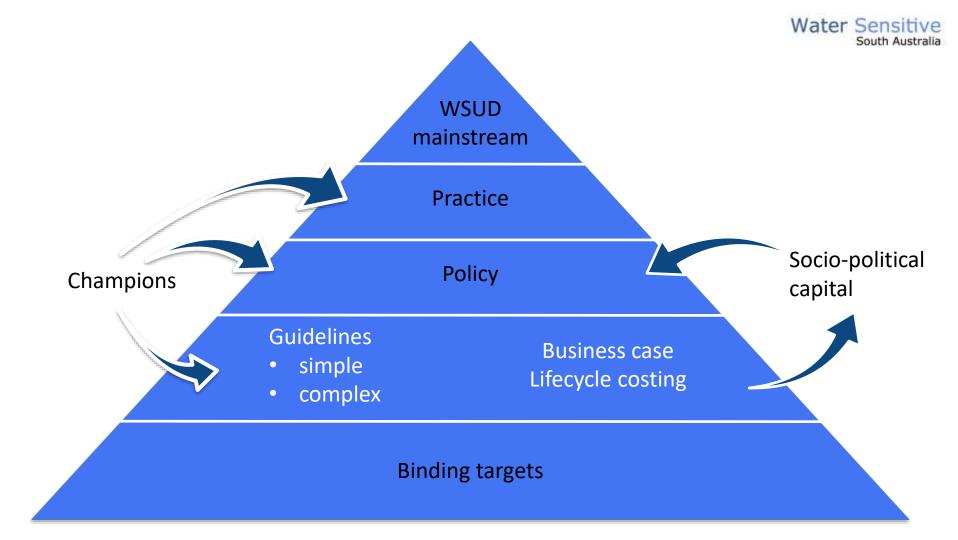


Water Sensitive SA Priorities

- Provide opportunities to share information and network
- Business Case / Lifecycle costings
- Deemed to comply design guide / on-line assessment tool
- MUSIC guideline for SA (standard rainfall sets and parameters eg, soils)
- Argument for WSUD Goyder researchbring outcomes to practitioners
- Revise and update the Water Sensitive SA website
- Adapt relevant interstate information to SA
- Develop relevant technical training and education materials



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Water sensitive communities are sustainable, resilient, productive and liveable.

They:

- efficiently use the diversity of water resources available to them
- enhance & protect the health of urban waterways & wetlands
- mitigate against flood risk and damage
- create public spaces that harvest, clean & recycle water, enhance liveability, increase biodiversity & reduce urban heat island effects

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